UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 8, 2017

EOG RESOURCES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 1-9743 (Commission File Number) 47-0684736 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1111 Bagby, Sky Lobby 2 Houston, Texas 77002 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

713-651-7000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

[] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \Box

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

EOG RESOURCES, INC.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On May 8, 2017, EOG Resources, Inc. issued a press release announcing first quarter 2017 financial and operational results and second quarter and full year 2017 forecast and benchmark commodity pricing information (see Item 7.01 below). A copy of this release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this filing and is incorporated herein by reference. This information shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Accompanying the press release announcing first quarter 2017 financial and operational results attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 is second quarter and full year 2017 forecast and benchmark commodity pricing information for EOG Resources, Inc., which information is incorporated herein by reference. This information shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

99.1 Press Release of EOG Resources, Inc. dated May 8, 2017 (including the accompanying second quarter and full year 2017 forecast and benchmark commodity pricing information).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

EOG RESOURCES, INC. (Registrant)

Date: May 8, 2017

By:

<u>/s/ TIMOTHY K. DRIGGERS</u> Timothy K. Driggers Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 - Press Release of EOG Resources, Inc. dated May 8, 2017 (including the accompanying second quarter and full year 2017 forecast and benchmark commodity pricing information).

EOG Resources, Inc. News Release For Further Information Contact:

P.O. Box 4362, Houston, TX 77210-4362

<u>Investors</u> Cedric W. Burgher (713) 571-4658 David J. Streit (713) 571-4902 W. John Wagner (713) 571-4404

Media and Investors Kimberly M. Ehmer (713) 571-4676

EOG Resources Announces First Quarter 2017 Results and Converts 1.4 BnBoe Net Resource Potential to Premium

- Exceeds High-End of Oil Production Forecast
- Increases Premium Net Resource Potential by 27 Percent to 6.5 BnBoe
- Reduces Completed Well Costs by 6 Percent in Major Plays Compared to 2016
- Completes Four Record-Setting Permian Basin Horizontal Oil Wells

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: Monday, May 8, 2017

HOUSTON - EOG Resources, Inc. (EOG) today reported first guarter 2017 net income of \$28.5

million, or \$0.05 per share. This compares to a first quarter 2016 net loss of \$471.8 million, or \$0.86 per share.

Adjusted non-GAAP net income for the first quarter 2017 was \$89.4 million, or \$0.15 per share, compared to an adjusted non-GAAP net loss of \$455.4 million, or \$0.83 per share, for the same prior year period. Adjusted non-GAAP net income (loss) is calculated by matching hedge realizations to settlement months and making certain other adjustments in order to exclude one-time items. (Please refer to the attached tables for the reconciliation of non-GAAP measures to GAAP measures.)

Higher commodity prices, increased production volumes, well productivity improvements and overall per-unit cost reductions resulted in increases to adjusted non-GAAP net income, discretionary cash flow and EBITDAX during the first quarter 2017 compared to the first quarter 2016. (Please refer to the attached tables for the reconciliation of non-GAAP measures to GAAP measures.)

Operational Highlights

EOG set a company record for crude oil volumes in the first quarter 2017 by producing 315,700 barrels of oil per day (Bopd), an 18 percent increase compared to the first quarter 2016. This strong production growth reflects the company's premium drilling strategy and technical advances in its prolific

plays across multiple basins. EOG defines premium inventory as prospective well locations that will earn a minimum 30 percent direct after-tax rate of return at \$40 crude oil and \$2.50 natural gas prices.

EOG continues to reduce total well costs in each of its major plays. First quarter 2017 average completed well costs were 6 percent lower than full year 2016 averages in the Eagle Ford, Delaware Basin and Bakken using normalized lateral lengths. For all three plays, the overall cost reductions were achieved in spite of service and equipment price inflation in certain areas, which were more than offset by continued advances in drilling and completion tools and techniques, benefits from extended lateral lengths, and new contracts at lower prices.

During the first quarter 2017, lease and well expenses on a per-unit basis increased 4 percent compared to the same prior year period primarily because of last year's disposition of natural gas producing assets with lower per-unit operating costs, the Yates acquisition properties with higher per-unit operating costs, and higher production expenses in the United Kingdom. Per-unit transportation costs decreased 8 percent and depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses decreased 14 percent on a per-unit basis year-over-year. Total general and administrative expenses decreased 3 percent compared to the first quarter 2016 primarily due to expenses related to a voluntary retirement program in 2016.

"EOG continues to lead the industry in well productivity, with record-setting well performance driving company record crude oil volumes," said William R. "Bill" Thomas, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. "During the first quarter 2017, we increased our premium inventory by 1,200 net well locations and 1.4 BnBoe of premium net resource potential, which is approximately 2.5 times the number of wells we expect to complete during all of 2017. EOG remains committed to creating significant shareholder value through low-cost, high-return growth and organic resource expansion."

Delaware Basin

In the first quarter 2017, EOG continued to increase development activity and expand resource potential in the Delaware Basin. EOG increased its Delaware Basin premium net locations by 700 to 4,150 locations.

EOG completed 33 wells in the Delaware Basin Wolfcamp in the first quarter 2017 with an average treated lateral length of 5,600 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 2,855 barrels of oil equivalent per day (Boed), or 1,850 Bopd, 450 barrels per day (Bpd) of natural gas liquids (NGLs) and 3.3 million cubic feet per day (MMcfd) of natural gas.

Of special note is a four-well pattern in Lea County, N.M., the Whirling Wind 14 Fed Com #701H and the Whirling Wind 11 Fed Com #702H - #704H which were completed with an average treated lateral length of 7,100 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 5,060 Boed, or 3,510

Bopd, 700 Bpd of NGLs and 5.1 MMcfd of natural gas. Each well exceeded the prior all-time industry record for 30-day initial production from Permian Basin horizontal oil wells.

"EOG's Whirling Wind wells shattered industry records in the Permian Basin," said Thomas. "Our advanced technology and proprietary techniques are leading to break-through well performance across our diverse portfolio of premium plays."

In the Delaware Basin Bone Spring, EOG completed three wells in the first quarter 2017 with an average treated lateral length of 8,800 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 3,255 Boed, or 2,525 Bopd, 335 Bpd of NGLs and 2.4 MMcfd of natural gas.

In the Delaware Basin Leonard, EOG completed three wells in the first quarter 2017 with an average treated lateral length of 3,800 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 840 Boed, or 505 Bopd, 150 Bpd of NGLs and 1.1 MMcfd of natural gas. These first quarter 2017 completions were drilled prior to 2016.

South Texas Eagle Ford

EOG's South Texas Eagle Ford continued to be the most active area in the company in the first quarter 2017. In addition to significant development activity, EOG expanded its Eagle Ford premium net locations by 500 to more than 2,400 locations. Part of the increase in premium locations was enabled by a shift to longer lateral drilling units. Seven wells that began production in the first quarter 2017 had lateral lengths in excess of 10,000 feet.

In the first quarter 2017, EOG completed 65 wells in the Eagle Ford with an average treated lateral length of 6,500 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 1,390 Boed, or 1,130 Bopd, 130 Bpd of NGLs and 0.8 MMcfd of natural gas.

South Texas Austin Chalk

In the first quarter 2017, testing continued in the South Texas Austin Chalk. EOG completed five wells in Karnes County with an average treated lateral length of 5,700 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 2,605 Boed, or 1,895 Bopd, 360 Bpd of NGLs and 2.1 MMcfd of natural gas.

Rockies and the Bakken

During the first quarter, EOG continued to develop its premium Powder River Basin position and reduce its inventory of drilled uncompleted wells in the Bakken.

In the Powder River Basin, EOG completed five wells in the first quarter 2017 with an average treated lateral length of 4,900 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 1,160 Boed, or 950 Bopd, 75 Bpd of NGLs and 0.8 MMcfd of natural gas.

In the North Dakota Bakken, EOG completed 27 wells in the first quarter 2017 with an average treated lateral length of 8,500 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 715 Boed, or 640 Bopd, 40 Bpd of NGLs and 0.2 MMcfd of natural gas. The first quarter 2017 completions in the Bakken included 24 wells that were drilled prior to 2016. Three wells completed in the first quarter 2017 were the first wells completed in the Bakken Lite area with EOG's high-density fracs. These three wells had an average treated lateral length of 7,700 feet per well and average 30-day initial production rates per well of 955 Boed, or 795 Bopd, 85 Bpd of NGLs and 0.5 MMcfd of natural gas.

Hedging Activity

For the period June 1 through November 30, 2017, EOG has natural gas financial price swap contracts in place for 30,000 million British thermal units (MMBtu) per day at a weighted average price of \$3.10 per MMBtu. For the period March 1 through November 30, 2018, EOG has natural gas financial price swap contracts in place for 35,000 MMBtu per day at a weighted average price of \$3.00 per MMBtu.

For the period June 1 through November 30, 2017, EOG has sold natural gas call option contracts for 213,750 MMBtu per day at an average strike price of \$3.44 per MMBtu. For the period March 1 through November 30, 2018, EOG has sold natural gas call option contracts for 120,000 MMBtu per day at an average strike price of \$3.38 per MMBtu.

For the period June 1 through November 30, 2017, EOG has purchased natural gas put option contracts for 171,000 MMBtu per day at an average strike price of \$2.92 per MMBtu. For the period March 1 through November 30, 2018, EOG has purchased natural gas put option contracts for 96,000 MMBtu per day at an average strike price of \$2.94 per MMBtu.

For the period June 1 through November 30, 2017, EOG has natural gas collar contracts for 80,000 MMBtu per day at an average ceiling price of \$3.69 per MMBtu and an average floor price of \$3.20 per MMBtu.

EOG did not have a net crude oil hedge position as of March 31, 2017.

A comprehensive summary of crude oil and natural gas derivative contracts is provided in the attached tables.

Capital Structure and Asset Sales

At March 31, 2017, EOG's total debt outstanding was \$7.0 billion for a debt-to-total capitalization ratio of 33 percent. Considering cash on the balance sheet at the end of the first quarter, EOG's net debt was \$5.4 billion for a net debt-to-total capitalization ratio of 28 percent. For a reconciliation of non-GAAP measures to GAAP measures, please refer to the attached tables.

Proceeds from asset sales year-to-date 2017 totaled \$118 million. This includes proceeds from two transactions that closed in the second quarter 2017.

Conference Call May 9, 2017

EOG's first quarter 2017 results conference call will be available via live audio webcast at 9 a.m. Central time (10 a.m. Eastern time) on Tuesday, May 9, 2017. To listen, log on to the Investors Overview page on the EOG website at http://investors.eogresources.com/overview. The webcast will be archived on EOG's website through May 23, 2017.

EOG Resources, Inc. is one of the largest independent (non-integrated) crude oil and natural gas companies in the United States with proved reserves in the United States, Trinidad, the United Kingdom and China. EOG Resources, Inc. is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and is traded under the ticker symbol "EOG."

This press release includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, including, among others, statements and projections regarding EOG's future financial position, operations, performance, business strategy, returns, budgets, reserves, levels of production, costs and asset sales, statements regarding future commodity prices and statements regarding the plans and objectives of EOG's management for future operations, are forwardlooking statements. EOG typically uses words such as "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "strategy," "intend," "plan," "target," "goal," "may," "will," "should" and "believe" or the negative of those terms or other variations or comparable terminology to identify its forward-looking statements. In particular, statements, express or implied, concerning EOG's future operating results and returns or EOG's ability to replace or increase reserves, increase production, reduce or otherwise control operating and capital costs, generate income or cash flows or pay dividends are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. Although EOG believes the expectations reflected in its forward-looking statements are reasonable and are based on reasonable assumptions, no assurance can be given that these assumptions are accurate or that any of these expectations will be achieved (in full or at all) or will prove to have been correct. Moreover, EOG's forward-looking statements may be affected by known, unknown or currently unforeseen risks, events or circumstances that may be outside EOG's control. Important factors that could cause EOG's actual results to differ materially from the expectations reflected in EOG's forwardlooking statements include, among others:

- the timing, extent and duration of changes in prices for, supplies of, and demand for, crude oil and condensate, natural gas liquids, natural gas and related commodities;
- the extent to which EOG is successful in its efforts to acquire or discover additional reserves;

- the extent to which EOG is successful in its efforts to economically develop its acreage in, produce reserves and achieve anticipated production levels from, and maximize reserve recovery from, its existing and future crude oil and natural gas exploration and development projects;
- the extent to which EOG is successful in its efforts to market its crude oil and condensate, natural gas liquids, natural gas and related commodity production;
- the availability, proximity and capacity of, and costs associated with, appropriate gathering, processing, compression, transportation and refining facilities;
- the availability, cost, terms and timing of issuance or execution of, and competition for, mineral licenses and leases and governmental and other permits and rights-of-way, and EOG's ability to retain mineral licenses and leases;
- the impact of, and changes in, government policies, laws and regulations, including tax laws and regulations; environmental, health and safety laws and regulations relating to air emissions, disposal of produced water, drilling fluids and other wastes, hydraulic fracturing and access to and use of water; laws and regulations imposing conditions or restrictions on drilling and completion operations and on the transportation of crude oil and natural gas; laws and regulations with respect to derivatives and hedging activities; and laws and regulations with respect to the import and export of crude oil, natural gas and related commodities;
- EOG's ability to effectively integrate acquired crude oil and natural gas properties into its operations, fully identify existing and potential problems with respect to such properties and accurately estimate reserves, production and costs with respect to such properties;
- the extent to which EOG's third-party-operated crude oil and natural gas properties are operated successfully and economically;
- competition in the oil and gas exploration and production industry for the acquisition of licenses, leases and properties, employees and other personnel, facilities, equipment, materials and services;
- the availability and cost of employees and other personnel, facilities, equipment, materials (such as water) and services;
- the accuracy of reserve estimates, which by their nature involve the exercise of professional judgment and may therefore be imprecise;
- weather, including its impact on crude oil and natural gas demand, and weather-related delays in drilling and in the installation and operation (by EOG or third parties) of production, gathering, processing, refining, compression and transportation facilities;
- the ability of EOG's customers and other contractual counterparties to satisfy their obligations to EOG and, related thereto, to access the credit and capital markets to obtain financing needed to satisfy their obligations to EOG;
- EOG's ability to access the commercial paper market and other credit and capital markets to obtain financing on terms it deems acceptable, if at all, and to otherwise satisfy its capital expenditure requirements;
- the extent to which EOG is successful in its completion of planned asset dispositions;
- the extent and effect of any hedging activities engaged in by EOG;
- the timing and extent of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, inflation rates, global and domestic financial market conditions and global and domestic general economic conditions;
- political conditions and developments around the world (such as political instability and armed conflict), including in the areas in which EOG operates;
- the use of competing energy sources and the development of alternative energy sources;

- the extent to which EOG incurs uninsured losses and liabilities or losses and liabilities in excess of its insurance coverage;
- acts of war and terrorism and responses to these acts;
- physical, electronic and cyber security breaches; and
- the other factors described under ITEM 1A, Risk Factors, on pages 13 through 22 of EOG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, and any updates to those factors set forth in EOG's subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or Current Reports on Form 8-K.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the events anticipated by EOG's forward-looking statements may not occur, and, if any of such events do, we may not have anticipated the timing of their occurrence or the duration and extent of their impact on our actual results. Accordingly, you should not place any undue reliance on any of EOG's forward-looking statements. EOG's forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made, and EOG undertakes no obligation, other than as required by applicable law, to update or revise its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, subsequent events, anticipated or unanticipated circumstances or otherwise.

The United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) permits oil and gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose not only "proved" reserves (i.e., quantities of oil and gas that are estimated to be recoverable with a high degree of confidence), but also "probable" reserves (i.e., quantities of oil and gas that are as likely as not to be recovered) as well as "possible" reserves (i.e., additional quantities of oil and gas that might be recovered, but with a lower probability than probable reserves). Statements of reserves are only estimates and may not correspond to the ultimate quantities of oil and gas recovered. Any reserve estimates provided in this press release that are not specifically designated as being estimates of proved reserves may include "potential" reserves and/or other estimated reserves not necessarily calculated in accordance with, or contemplated by, the SEC's latest reserve reporting guidelines. Investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in EOG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, available from EOG at P.O. Box 4362, Houston, Texas 77210-4362 (Attn: Investor Relations). You can also obtain this report from the SEC by calling 1-800-SEC-0330 or from the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. In addition, reconciliation and calculation schedules for non-GAAP financial measures can be found on the EOG website at www.eogresources.com.

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EOG RESOURCES, INC. <u>Financial Report</u> (Unaudited; in millions, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2017			2016		
Net Operating Revenues	\$	2,610.6	\$	1,354.3		
Net Income (Loss)	\$	28.5	\$	(471.8)		
Net Income (Loss) Per Share						
Basic	\$	0.05	\$	(0.86)		
Diluted	\$	0.05	\$	(0.86)		
Average Number of Common Shares						
Basic		573.9		546.7		
Diluted		578.6	_	546.7		

<u>Summary Income Statements</u> (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2017		2016	
Net Operating Revenues					
Crude Oil and Condensate	\$	1,430,061	\$	753,711	
Natural Gas Liquids		153,444		75,319	
Natural Gas		230,602		165,503	
Gains on Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts		62,020		5,435	
Gathering, Processing and Marketing		726,537		333,953	
Gains (Losses) on Asset Dispositions, Net		(16,758)		9,147	
Other, Net		24,659		11,281	
Total		2,610,565		1,354,349	
Operating Expenses					
Lease and Well		255,777		240,865	
Transportation Costs		178,714		190,454	
Gathering and Processing Costs		38,144		28,524	
Exploration Costs		56,894		29,829	
Dry Hole Costs				246	
Impairments		193,187		71,617	
Marketing Costs		736,536		340,854	
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization		816,036		928,891	
General and Administrative		97,238		100,531	
Taxes Other Than Income		130,293		60,679	
Total		2,502,819	_	1,992,490	
Operating Income (Loss)		107,746		(638,141)	
Other Income (Expense), Net		3,151	_	(4,437)	
Income (Loss) Before Interest Expense and Income Taxes		110,897		(642,578)	
Interest Expense, Net		71,515		68,390	
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes		39,382		(710,968)	
Income Tax Provision (Benefit)		10,865		(239,192)	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	28,517	\$	(471,776)	
Dividends Declared per Common Share	\$	0.1675	\$	0.1675	

EOG RESOURCES, INC. <u>Operating Highlights</u> (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended				
		Mar 2017	ch 31,	2016	
Wellhead Volumes and Prices		2017		2010	
Crude Oil and Condensate Volumes (MBbld) ^(A)					
United States		312.5		265.8	
Trinidad		0.8		0.7	
Other International ^(B)		2.4		1.4	
Total		315.7		267.9	
Average Crude Oil and Condensate Prices (\$/Bbl) ^(C)					
United States	\$	50.38	\$	30.87	
Trinidad		41.56	·	22.78	
Other International ^(B)		47.77		32.33	
Composite		50.34		30.85	
Natural Gas Liquids Volumes (MBbld) ^(A)					
United States		78.8		79.4	
Other International ^(B)					
Total		78.8		79.4	
Average Natural Gas Liquids Prices (\$/Bbl) ^(C)					
United States	\$	21.63	\$	10.41	
Other International ^(B)	Ψ		Ψ		
Composite		21.63		10.41	
Natural Gas Volumes (MMcfd) ^(A)					
United States		728		829	
Trinidad		308		361	
Other International ^(B)		22		25	
Total		1,058		1,215	
Average Natural Gas Prices (\$/Mcf) ^(C)		^		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
United States	\$	2.32	\$	1.27	
Trinidad	Ŧ	2.57	+	1.88	
Other International ^(B)		3.76		3.63	
Composite		2.42		1.50	
Crude Oil Equivalent Volumes (MBoed) ^(D)					
United States		512.6		483.6	
Trinidad		52.2		60.8	
Other International ^(B)		5.9		5.5	
Total		570.7		549.9	
Total MMBoe ^(D)		51.4		50.0	

(A) Thousand barrels per day or million cubic feet per day, as applicable.

(B) Other International includes EOG's United Kingdom, China, Canada and Argentina operations. The Argentina operations were sold in the third quarter of 2016.

(C) Dollars per barrel or per thousand cubic feet, as applicable. Excludes the impact of financial commodity derivative instruments.

(D) Thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day or million barrels of oil equivalent, as applicable; includes crude oil and condensate, natural gas liquids and natural gas. Crude oil equivalent volumes are determined using a ratio of 1.0 barrel of crude oil and condensate or natural gas liquids to 6.0 thousand cubic feet of natural gas. MMBoe is calculated by multiplying the MBoed amount by the number of days in the period and then dividing that amount by one thousand.

EOG RESOURCES, INC. <u>Summary Balance Sheets</u> (Unaudited; in thousands, except share data)

(*************************************	, 	March 31, 2017	D	ecember 31, 2016
ASSETS				
Current Assets	.		<i>.</i>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,546,566	\$	1,599,895
Accounts Receivable, Net		1,187,112		1,216,320
Inventories		314,194		350,017
Assets from Price Risk Management Activities		1,142		
Income Taxes Receivable		80,503		12,305
Other	-	264,559	_	206,679
Total		3,394,076		3,385,216
Property, Plant and Equipment				
Oil and Gas Properties (Successful Efforts Method)		50,195,608		49,592,091
Other Property, Plant and Equipment		3,977,721		4,008,564
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	-	54,173,329		53,600,655
Less: Accumulated Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization		(28,566,869)		(27,893,577)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	-	25,606,460	_	25,707,078
Deferred Income Taxes		16,232		16,140
Other Assets		195,206		190,767
Total Assets	\$	29,211,974	\$ _	29,299,201
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQU	ITV	7		
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	1,556,875	\$	1,511,826
Accrued Taxes Payable	Ψ	143,710	Ψ	118,411
Dividends Payable		96,155		96,120
Liabilities from Price Risk Management Activities		7,636		61,817
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		6,579		6,579
Other		221,052		232,538
Total	-	2,032,007	_	2,027,291
Long-Term Debt		6,980,008		6,979,779
Other Liabilities		1,248,102		1,282,142
Deferred Income Taxes		5,023,626		5,028,408
Commitments and Contingencies				
Stockholders' Equity				
Common Stock, \$0.01 Par, 640,000,000 Shares Authorized and 577,636,588				
Shares Issued at March 31, 2017 and 576,950,272 Shares Issued at December 31, 2016		205,776		205,770
Additional Paid in Capital		5,447,291		5,420,385
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		(18,664)		(19,010)
Retained Earnings		8,329,951		8,398,118
Common Stock Held in Treasury, 378,442 Shares at March 31, 2017 and 250,155 Shares at December 31, 2016		(36,123)		(23,682)
	-		_	
Total Stockholders' Equity	¢.	13,928,231	¢ -	13,981,581
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	Э	29,211,974	\$ =	29,299,201

EOG RESOURCES, INC. Summary Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited; in thousands)

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2017		2016
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Net Income (Loss)	\$	28,517	\$	(471,776)
Items Not Requiring (Providing) Cash				
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization		816,036		928,891
Impairments		193,187		71,617
Stock-Based Compensation Expenses		30,460		32,380
Deferred Income Taxes		694		(196,696)
(Gains) Losses on Asset Dispositions, Net		16,758		(9,147)
Other, Net		(3,052)		5,442
Dry Hole Costs				246
Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts				
Total Gains		(62,020)		(5,435)
Net Cash Received from Settlements of Commodity Derivative Contracts		1,912		17,687
Other, Net		(428)		1,407
Changes in Components of Working Capital and Other Assets and Liabilities				,
Accounts Receivable		28,688		132,398
Inventories		24,736		57,578
Accounts Payable		20,426		(289,627)
Accrued Taxes Payable		(38,613)		2,460
Other Assets		(44,677)		3,946
Other Liabilities		(51,251)		7,992
Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing and Financing Activities		(63,324)		2,228
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	-	898,049	-	291,591
Investing Cash Flows				
Additions to Oil and Gas Properties		(912,227)		(547,399)
Additions to Other Property, Plant and Equipment		(312,227) (34,336)		(347,399)
Proceeds from Sales of Assets		46,812		6,667
		40,812 63,324		
Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing Activities	-	(836,427)	-	(2,228)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(830,427)		(568,752)
Financing Cash Flows				
Net Commercial Paper Repayments				(259,718)
Long-Term Debt Borrowings				991,097
Long-Term Debt Repayments				(400,000)
Dividends Paid		(96,707)		(92,170)
Treasury Stock Purchased		(18,628)		(12,672)
Proceeds from Stock Options Exercised and Employee Stock Purchase Plan		2,356		2,688
Debt Issuance Costs				(1,592)
Repayment of Capital Lease Obligation	_	(1,619)	_	(1,569)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities		(114,598)		226,064
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	_	(353)	_	1,072
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(53,329)		(50,025)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		1,599,895		718,506
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	1,546,566	\$	668,481

EOG RESOURCES, INC. Quantitative Reconciliation of Adjusted Net Income (Loss) (Non-GAAP) To Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

The following chart adjusts the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 reported Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) to reflect actual net cash received from settlements of commodity derivative contracts by eliminating the unrealized mark-to-market gains from these transactions, to eliminate the net (gains) losses on asset dispositions in 2017 and 2016, to add back impairment charges related to certain of EOG's assets in 2017 and to add back certain voluntary retirement expense in 2016. EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who adjust reported company earnings to match hedge realizations to production settlement months and make certain other adjustments to exclude non-recurring items. EOG management uses this information for purposes of comparing its financial performance with the financial performance of other companies in the industry.

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2017												
	Before Tax		Income Tax Impact		After Tax		Diluted Earnings per Share		Before Tax	Income Tax Impact		After Tax		Diluted Earnings per Share
Reported Net Income (Loss) (GAAP)	\$ 39,382	 	(10,865)	\$	28,517	\$	0.05	\$	(710,968) \$	239,192	\$	(471,776)	\$	(0.86)
Adjustments:				_		-		•			_		-	
Gains on Mark-to- Market Commodity Derivative Contracts	(62,020))	22,191		(39,829)		(0.07)		(5,435)	1,938		(3,497)		(0.01)
Net Cash Received from Settlements of Commodity Derivative Contracts	1,912	2	(684)		1,228		_		17,687	(6,306)		11,381		0.02
Add: Net (Gains) Losses on Asset Dispositions	16,758	;	(5,736)		11,022		0.02		(9,147)	3,210		(5,937)		(0.01)
Add: Impairments	137,751		(49,287)		88,464		0.15		_	_		_		—
Add: Voluntary Retirement Expense	_	-	_		_		_		22,391	(7,982)		14,409		0.03
Adjustments to Net Income (Loss)	94,401		(33,516)	_	60,885	-	0.10	-	25,496	(9,140)	_	16,356	-	0.03
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) (Non-GAAP)	\$ 133,783	s	(44,381)	\$_	89,402	\$	0.15	\$	(685,472) \$	230,052	\$_	(455,420)	\$ =	(0.83)
Average Number of Common Shares (GAAP)														
Basic						_	573,935						_	546,715
Diluted						-	578,593						=	546,715
Average Number of Common Shares (Non- GAAP)														
Basic Diluted						=	573,935 578,593						=	<u>546,715</u> <u>546,715</u>

EOG RESOURCES, INC. <u>Quantitative Reconciliation of Discretionary Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)</u> <u>To Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP)</u> (Unaudited; in thousands)

The following chart reconciles the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP) to Discretionary Cash Flow (Non-GAAP). EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who adjust Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities for Exploration Costs (excluding Stock-Based Compensation Expenses), Excess Tax Benefits from Stock-Based Compensation, Changes in Components of Working Capital and Other Assets and Liabilities, and Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing and Financing Activities. EOG management uses this information for comparative purposes within the industry.

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2017		2016		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP)	\$	898,049	\$	291,591		
Adjustments:						
Exploration Costs (excluding Stock-Based Compensation Expenses)		50,734		23,357		
Changes in Components of Working Capital and Other Assets and Liabilities						
Accounts Receivable		(28,688)		(132,398)		
Inventories		(24,736)		(57,578)		
Accounts Payable		(20,426)		289,627		
Accrued Taxes Payable		38,613		(2,460)		
Other Assets		44,677		(3,946)		
Other Liabilities		51,251		(7,992)		
Changes in Components of Working Capital Associated with Investing and Financing Activities		63,324		(2,228)		
Discretionary Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,072,798	\$	397,973		
Discretionary Cash Flow (Non-GAAP) - Percentage Increase		170%	•			

EOG RESOURCES, INC. <u>Quantitative Reconciliation of Adjusted Earnings Before Interest Expense, Net,</u> <u>Income Taxes, Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization, Exploration Costs,</u> <u>Dry Hole Costs, Impairments and Additional Items (Adjusted EBITDAX)</u> <u>(Non-GAAP) to Net Income (Loss) (GAAP)</u> (Unaudited; in thousands)

The following chart adjusts the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 reported Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) to Earnings Before Interest Expense, Net, Income Taxes (Income Tax Provision (Benefit)), Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization, Exploration Costs, Dry Hole Costs and Impairments (EBITDAX) (Non-GAAP) and further adjusts such amount to reflect actual net cash received from settlements of commodity derivative contracts by eliminating the unrealized mark-to-market (MTM) gains from these transactions and to eliminate the net (gains) losses on asset dispositions. EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who adjust reported Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) to add back Interest Expense, Net, Income Taxes (Income Tax Provision (Benefit)), Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization, Exploration Costs, Dry Hole Costs and Impairments and further adjust such amount to match realizations to production settlement months and make certain other adjustments to exclude non-recurring and certain other items. EOG management uses this information for purposes of comparing its financial performance with the financial performance of other companies in the industry.

	Three Months Ended					
	March 31,					
		2017		2016		
Net Income (Loss) (GAAP)	\$	28,517	\$	(471,776)		
Adjustments:						
Interest Expense, Net		71,515		68,390		
Income Tax Provision (Benefit)		10,865		(239,192)		
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization		816,036		928,891		
Exploration Costs		56,894		29,829		
Dry Hole Costs				246		
Impairments		193,187		71,617		
EBITDAX (Non-GAAP)		1,177,014		388,005		
Total Gains on MTM Commodity Derivative Contracts		(62,020)		(5,435)		
Net Cash Received from Settlements of Commodity Derivative						
Contracts		1,912		17,687		
(Gains) Losses on Asset Dispositions, Net		16,758		(9,147)		
Adjusted EBITDAX (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,133,664	\$	391,110		
Adjusted EBITDAX (Non-GAAP) - Percentage Increase		190%				

EOG RESOURCES, INC. <u>Quantitative Reconciliation of Net Debt (Non-GAAP) and Total</u> <u>Capitalization (Non-GAAP) as Used in the Calculation of</u> <u>The Net Debt-to-Total Capitalization Ratio (Non-GAAP) to</u> <u>Current and Long-Term Debt (GAAP) and Total Capitalization (GAAP)</u> (Unaudited; in millions, except ratio data)

The following chart reconciles Current and Long-Term Debt (GAAP) to Net Debt (Non-GAAP) and Total Capitalization (GAAP) to Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP), as used in the Net Debt-to-Total Capitalization ratio calculation. A portion of the cash is associated with international subsidiaries; tax considerations may impact debt paydown. EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who utilize Net Debt and Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) in their Net Debt-to-Total Capitalization. EOG management uses this information for comparative purposes within the industry.

	N	At March 31, 2017	De	At ecember 31, 2016
Total Stockholders' Equity - (a)	\$	13,928	\$	13,982
Current and Long-Term Debt (GAAP) - (b)		6,987		6,986
Less: Cash		(1,547)		(1,600)
Net Debt (Non-GAAP) - (c)	_	5,440		5,386
Total Capitalization (GAAP) - (a) + (b)	\$ _	20,915	\$	20,968
Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) - (a) + (c)	\$	19,368	\$ _	19,368
Debt-to-Total Capitalization (GAAP) - (b) / [(a) + (b)]	_	33 %	: =	33 %
Net Debt-to-Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) - (c) / [(a) + (c)]	_	28%		28%

EOG RESOURCES, INC. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Financial Commodity Derivative Contracts

EOG accounts for financial commodity derivative contracts using the mark-to-market accounting method. On March 14, 2017, EOG executed the optional early termination provision granting EOG the right to terminate certain crude oil price swaps with notional volumes of 30,000 Bbld at a weighted average price of \$50.05 per Bbl for the period March 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017. EOG received cash of \$4.6 million for the early termination of these contracts. Presented below is a comprehensive summary of EOG's crude oil price swap contracts through May 8, 2017, with notional volumes expressed in Bbld and prices expressed in \$/Bbl.

Crude Oil Price Swap Contracts

	Volume (Bbld)	Weighted Average Price (\$/Bbl)
<u>2017</u>		
January 1, 2017 through February 28, 2017 (closed)	35,000	\$ 50.04
March 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017 (closed)	30,000	50.05

On March 14, 2017, EOG entered into a crude oil price swap contract for the period March 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017, with notional volumes of 5,000 Bbld at a price of \$48.81 per Bbl. This contract offsets the remaining crude oil price swap contract for the same time period with notional volumes of 5,000 Bbld at a price of \$50.00 per Bbl. The net cash EOG will receive for settling these contracts is \$0.7 million. The offsetting contracts were excluded from the above table.

Presented below is a comprehensive summary of EOG's natural gas price swap contracts through May 8, 2017, with notional volumes expressed in MMBtud and prices expressed in \$/MMBtu.

Natural Gas Price Swap Contracts

	Volume (MMBtud)	Weighted Average Price (\$/MMBtu)		
2017 March 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017 (closed) June 1, 2017 through November 30, 2017	30,000 30,000	\$	3.10 3.10	
<u>2018</u> March 1, 2018 through November 30, 2018	35,000	\$	3.00	

EOG has sold call options which establish a ceiling price for the sale of notional volumes of natural gas as specified in the call option contracts. The call options require that EOG pay the difference between the call option strike price and either the average or last business day NYMEX Henry Hub natural gas price for the contract month (Henry Hub Index Price) in the event the Henry Hub Index Price is above the call option strike price. In addition, EOG has purchased put options which establish a floor price for the sale of notional volumes of natural gas as specified in the put option contracts. The put options grant EOG the right to receive the difference between the put option strike price and the Henry Hub Index Price in the event the Henry Hub Index Price is below the put option strike price. Presented below is a comprehensive summary of EOG's natural gas call and put option contracts through May 8, 2017, with notional volumes expressed in MMBtud and prices expressed in \$/MMbtu.

Natural Gas Option Contracts									
	Call O	ptions Sold	Put Optio	Put Options Purchased					
	Volume (MMBtud)	Weighted Average Price (\$/MMBtu)	Volume (MMBtud)	Aver	eighted age Price MMBtu)				
<u>2017</u>									
March 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017 (closed)	213,750	\$ 3.4	171,000	\$	2.92				
June 1, 2017 through November 30, 2017	213,750	3.4	4 171,000		2.92				
<u>2018</u>									
March 1, 2018 through November 30, 2018	120,000	\$ 3.3	96,000	\$	2.94				

EOG has also entered into natural gas collar contracts, which establish ceiling and floor prices for the sale of notional volumes of natural gas as specified in the collar contracts. The collars require that EOG pay the difference between the ceiling price and the Henry Hub Index Price in the event the Henry Hub Index Price is above the ceiling price. The collars grant EOG the right to receive the difference between the floor price and the Henry Hub Index Price in the event the Henry Hub Index Price is below the floor price. Presented below is a comprehensive summary of EOG's natural gas collar contracts through May 8, 2017, with notional volumes expressed in MMBtud and prices expressed in \$/MMbtu.

Natural Gas Collar Contracts

		V	Veighted Av (\$/MN	verage I MBtu)	rice
	Volume (MMBtud)	Ceili	ng Price	Floo	or Price
<u>2017</u>					
March 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017 (closed)	80,000	\$	\$ 3.69		3.20
June 1, 2017 through November 30, 2017	80,000		3.69		3.20

Definitions	
Bbld	Barrels per day
\$/Bbl	Dollars per barrel
MMBtud	Million British thermal units per day
\$/MMBtu	Dollars per million British thermal units
NYMEX	New York Mercantile Exchange

EOG RESOURCES, INC. Direct After-Tax Rate of Return (ATROR)

The calculation of our direct after-tax rate of return (ATROR) with respect to our capital expenditure program for a particular play or well is based on the estimated proved reserves ("net" to EOG's interest) for all wells in such play or such well (as the case may be), the estimated net present value (NPV) of the future net cash flows from such reserves (for which we utilize certain assumptions regarding future commodity prices and operating costs) and our direct net costs incurred in drilling or acquiring (as the case may be) such wells or well (as the case may be). As such, our direct ATROR with respect to our capital expenditures for a particular play or well cannot be calculated from our consolidated financial statements.

Direct ATROR

Based on Cash Flow and Time Value of Money

- Estimated future commodity prices and operating costs
- Costs incurred to drill, complete and equip a well, including facilities

Excludes Indirect Capital

- Gathering and Processing and other Midstream
- Land, Seismic, Geological and Geophysical

Payback ~12 Months on 100% Direct ATROR Wells First Five Years ~1/2 Estimated Ultimate Recovery Produced but ~3/4 of NPV Captured

Return on Equity / Return on Capital Employed

Based on GAAP Accrual Accounting

Includes All Indirect Capital and Growth Capital for Infrastructure

- Eagle Ford, Bakken, Permian Facilities
- Gathering and Processing

Includes Legacy Gas Capital and Capital from Mature Wells

EOG RESOURCES, INC.

Quantitative Reconciliation of After-Tax Net Interest Expense (Non-GAAP), Adjusted Net Income (Loss) (Non-GAAP), Net Debt (Non-GAAP) and Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) as used in the Calculations of Return on Capital Employed (Non-GAAP) and Return on Equity (Non-GAAP) to Net Interest Expense (GAAP), Net Income (Loss) (GAAP), Current and Long-Term Debt (GAAP) and Total Capitalization (GAAP), Respectively (Unaudited; in millions, except ratio data)

The following chart reconciles Net Interest Expense (GAAP), Net Income (Loss) (GAAP), Current and Long-Term Debt (GAAP) and Total Capitalization (GAAP) to After-Tax Net Interest Expense (Non-GAAP), Adjusted Net Income (Loss) (Non-GAAP), Net Debt (Non-GAAP) and Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP), respectively, as used in the Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) and Return on Equity (ROE) calculations. EOG believes this presentation may be useful to investors who follow the practice of some industry analysts who utilize After-Tax Net Interest Expense, Adjusted Net Income (Loss), Net Debt and Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) in their ROCE and ROE calculations. EOG management uses this information for purposes of comparing its financial performance with the financial performance of other companies in the industry.

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) (Non-GAAP)				
Net Interest Expense (GAAP) Tax Benefit Imputed (based on 35%) After-Tax Net Interest Expense (Non-GAAP) - (a)	\$ 282 (99) \$ 183	\$ 237 (83) <u>\$ 154</u>	\$ 201 (70) \$ 131	
Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) - (b) Adjustments to Net Income (Loss), Net of Tax (See Accompanying Schedules)	(1,097) 204 (a) (202)			
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) (Non-GAAP) - (c)	\$ (893)	<u>\$ 34</u>	\$ 2,716	
Total Stockholders' Equity - (d)	\$13,982	\$12,943	\$17,713	\$ 15,418
Average Total Stockholders' Equity * - (e)	\$13,463	\$15,328	\$16,566	
Current and Long-Term Debt (GAAP) - (f) Less: Cash Net Debt (Non-GAAP) - (g)	\$ 6,986 (1,600) \$ 5,386	\$ 6,655 (719) \$ 5,936	\$ 5,906 (2,087) <u>\$ 3,819</u>	\$ 5,909 (1,318) <u>\$ 4,591</u>
Total Capitalization (GAAP) - (d) + (f)	\$20,968	<u>\$19,598</u>	\$23,619	\$ 21,327
Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) - (d) + (g)	\$19,368	\$18,879	\$21,532	\$ 20,009
Average Total Capitalization (Non-GAAP) * - (h)	\$19,124	\$20,206	\$20,771	
ROCE (GAAP Net Income) - [(a) + (b)] / (h)	-4.8%	-21.6%	14.7%	
ROCE (Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income) - [(a) + (c)] / (h)	-3.7%	0.9%	13.7%	
<u>Return on Equity (ROE)</u>				
ROE (GAAP) (GAAP Net Income) - (b) / (e)	-8.1%	-29.5%	17.6%	
ROE (Non-GAAP) (Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income) - (c) / (e)	-6.6%	0.2%	<u> 16.4%</u>	

* Average for the current and immediately preceding year

Adjustments to Net Income (Loss) (GAAP)

(a) See below schedule for detail of adjustments to Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) in 2016:

		Year Ended December 31, 2016							
		1	Before Tax		me Tax ipact		After Tax		
Adjustm	ients:								
Add:	Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact	\$	77	\$	(28)	\$	49		
Add:	Impairments of Certain Assets		321		(113)		208		
Less:	Net Gains on Asset Dispositions		(206)		62		(144)		
Add:	Trinidad Tax Settlement				43		43		
Add:	Voluntary Retirement Expense		42		(15)		27		
Add:	Acquisition - State Apportionment Change				16		16		
Add:	Acquisition Costs		5		—		5		
Total		\$	239	\$	(35)	\$	204		

(b) See below schedule for detail of adjustments to Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) in 2015:

	Year Ended December 31, 2015							
		Before Tax		Income Tax Impact		After Tax		
nents:								
Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact	\$	668	\$	(238)	\$	430		
Impairments of Certain Assets		6,308		(2,183)		4,125		
Texas Margin Tax Rate Reduction				(20)		(20)		
Legal Settlement - Early Leasehold Termination		19		(6)		13		
Severance Costs		9		(3)		6		
Net Losses on Asset Dispositions		9		(4)		5		
	\$	7,013	\$	(2,454)	\$	4,559		
	Impairments of Certain Assets Texas Margin Tax Rate Reduction Legal Settlement - Early Leasehold Termination	Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact \$ Impairments of Certain Assets Texas Margin Tax Rate Reduction Legal Settlement - Early Leasehold Termination Severance Costs	Before Taxhents:Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact\$ 668Impairments of Certain Assets6,308Texas Margin Tax Rate Reduction—Legal Settlement - Early Leasehold Termination19Severance Costs9Net Losses on Asset Dispositions9	Before TaxInc TaxMark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact\$ 668Impairments of Certain Assets6,308Texas Margin Tax Rate Reduction—Legal Settlement - Early Leasehold Termination19Severance Costs9Net Losses on Asset Dispositions9	Before TaxIncome Tax Impacthents:Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact\$ 668\$ (238)Impairments of Certain Assets6,308(2,183)Texas Margin Tax Rate Reduction—(20)Legal Settlement - Early Leasehold Termination19(6)Severance Costs9(3)Net Losses on Asset Dispositions9(4)	Before TaxIncome Tax Impacthents:Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact\$ 668\$ (238)\$Impairments of Certain Assets6,308(2,183)\$Texas Margin Tax Rate Reduction—(20)\$Legal Settlement - Early Leasehold Termination19(6)Severance Costs9(3)\$Net Losses on Asset Dispositions9(4)		

(c) See below schedule for detail of adjustments to Net Income (Loss) (GAAP) in 2014:

	Year Ended December 31, 2014						
			Income Tax Impact		After Tax		
nents:							
Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact	\$	(800)	\$	285	\$	(515)	
Impairments of Certain Assets		824		(271)		553	
Net Gains on Asset Dispositions		(508)		21		(487)	
Tax Expense Related to the Repatriation of Accumulated Foreign Earnings in Future Years		_		250		250	
	\$	(484)	\$	285	\$	(199)	
	Impairments of Certain Assets Net Gains on Asset Dispositions Tax Expense Related to the Repatriation of Accumulated	nents: Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact \$ Impairments of Certain Assets Net Gains on Asset Dispositions Tax Expense Related to the Repatriation of Accumulated	Before Tax Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact \$ (800) Impairments of Certain Assets 824 Net Gains on Asset Dispositions (508) Tax Expense Related to the Repatriation of Accumulated Foreign Earnings in Future Years	Before Tax Inco In nents: Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact \$ (800) \$ Impairments of Certain Assets 824 Net Gains on Asset Dispositions (508) Tax Expense Related to the Repatriation of Accumulated Foreign Earnings in Future Years	Before TaxIncome Tax Impactnents:Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact\$ (800)\$ 285Impairments of Certain Assets824(271)Net Gains on Asset Dispositions(508)21Tax Expense Related to the Repatriation of Accumulated Foreign Earnings in Future Years—250	Before TaxIncome Tax ImpactA A Anents:Mark-to-Market Commodity Derivative Contracts Impact\$ (800)\$ 285\$Impairments of Certain Assets824(271)Net Gains on Asset Dispositions(508)21Tax Expense Related to the Repatriation of Accumulated Foreign Earnings in Future Years—250	

EOG RESOURCES, INC. Second Quarter and Full Year 2017 Forecast and Benchmark Commodity Pricing

(a) Second Quarter and Full Year 2017 Forecast

The forecast items for the second quarter and full year 2017 set forth below for EOG Resources, Inc. (EOG) are based on current available information and expectations as of the date of the accompanying press release. EOG undertakes no obligation, other than as required by applicable law, to update or revise this forecast, whether as a result of new information, subsequent events, anticipated or unanticipated circumstances or otherwise. This forecast, which should be read in conjunction with the accompanying press release and EOG's related Current Report on Form 8-K filing, replaces and supersedes any previously issued guidance or forecast.

(b) Benchmark Commodity Pricing

EOG bases United States and Trinidad crude oil and condensate price differentials upon the West Texas Intermediate crude oil price at Cushing, Oklahoma, using the simple average of the NYMEX settlement prices for each trading day within the applicable calendar month.

EOG bases United States natural gas price differentials upon the natural gas price at Henry Hub, Louisiana, using the simple average of the NYMEX settlement prices for the last three trading days of the applicable month.

	Estimated Ranges (Unaudited)							
	2	Q 201	7	Full	Full Year 20			
Daily Sales Volumes								
Crude Oil and Condensate Volumes (MBbld)								
United States	322.0	-	332.0	320.0	-	335.0		
Trinidad	0.2	-	0.4	0.3	-	0.5		
Other International	0.0	-	0.0	4.0	-	7.0		
Total	322.2	-	332.4	324.3	-	342.5		
Natural Gas Liquids Volumes (MBbld)								
Total	72.0	-	78.0	72.0	-	82.0		
Natural Gas Volumes (MMcfd)								
United States	710	-	750	725	-	760		
Trinidad	280	-	320	275	-	315		
Other International	18	-	24	25	-	30		
Total	1,008	-	1,094	1,025	-	1,105		
Crude Oil Equivalent Volumes (MBoed)								
United States	512.3	-	535.0	512.8	-	543.7		
Trinidad	46.9	-	53.7	46.1	-	53.0		
Other International	3.0	-	4.0	8.2	-	12.0		
Total	562.2	-	592.7	567.1	-	608.7		

		Estimated Ranges (Unaudited)									
			2Q	20	17			Full	Yea	r 20	17
Operating Co	osts										
Unit Cost	ts (\$/Boe)										
Lease	and Well	\$	4.60	-	\$	5.00	\$	4.25	-	\$	4.95
	portation Costs	\$	3.20	-	\$	3.60	\$	3.10	-	\$	3.70
Depre	eciation, Depletion and Amortization	\$	15.70	-	\$	16.10	\$	15.50	-	\$	16.00
Expenses (\$N	ИМ)										
Explorati	on, Dry Hole and Impairment	\$	95	-	\$	125	\$	415	-	\$	465
General a	nd Administrative	\$	85	-	\$	95	\$	365	-	\$	395
Gathering	g and Processing	\$	28	-	\$	30	\$	125	-	\$	145
Capitalize	ed Interest	\$	6	-	\$	8	\$	25	-	\$	30
Net Intere	est	\$	69	-	\$	72	\$	273	-	\$	283
Taxes Other	Than Income (% of Wellhead Revenue)		6.9%	-		7.3%		6.5%	ó -		6.9%
Income Taxe	-										
Effective			32%			37%		31%			36%
Current T	faxes (\$MM)	\$	50	-	\$	85	\$	135	-	\$	175
	nditures (Excluding Acquisitions, \$MM)										
-	on and Development, Excluding Facilities						\$	3,000	-	\$	3,350
-	on and Development Facilities						\$	475	-	*	510
Gathering	g, Processing and Other						\$	225	-	\$	240
	fer to Benchmark Commodity Pricing in text)										
	l and Condensate (\$/Bbl)										
	rentials										
	nited States - above (below) WTI	\$	(2.00)	-	\$	0.00	\$	(2.50)			(0.50)
	rinidad - above (below) WTI	\$	(11.00)	-	\$	(9.00)	\$	(11.00)	-	\$	(9.00)
0	ther International - above (below) WTI	\$	(4.00)	-	\$	2.00	\$	(7.00)	-	\$	1.00
	as Liquids										
Realiz	zations as % of WTI		36%	-		44%		36%	р́ -		44%
	sas (\$/Mcf)										
	rentials	¢	(1.1.0)		¢	(0, (0))	¢	(4.4.5)		.	
U	nited States - above (below) NYMEX Henry Hub	\$	(1.10)	-	\$	(0.60)	\$	(1.15)	-	\$	(0.65)
	zations	¢	2 20		¢	2 (0	¢	2 10		¢	2 70
	rinidad ther International	\$ \$	2.20 3.30	-	\$ \$	2.60 3.80	\$ \$	2.10 3.30	-	\$ \$	2.70 4.30
Definitions											
\$/Bbl	U.S. Dollars per barrel										
\$/Boe	U.S. Dollars per barrel of oil equivalent										
\$/Mcf	U.S. Dollars per thousand cubic feet										
\$MM	U.S. Dollars in millions										
MBbld	Thousand barrels per day										
MBoed	Thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day										
MMcfd	Million cubic feet per day										
NYMEX	New York Mercantile Exchange										
WTI	West Texas Intermediate										